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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/665,907	09/18/2003	Joshua J. Bennett	NM 7611	7074
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c/o JOHN H. T	HOMAS, P.C.	NGUYEN, TAM M		
536 GRANITE AVENUE RICHMOND, VA 23226			ART UŅIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1764		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MOI	NTHS	01/24/2007	. PAPER	

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	,
		10/665,907	BENNETT ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Tam M. Nguyen	1764	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror te. cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed mathematical through the mailing date of this communicated in the mailing date of the communicated in the mailing date of the maili	
Status				
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 or This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) The Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr		is
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5) □ 6) □ 7) □ 8) ☑ Applicati	Claim(s) 1-53 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawd.  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) 1-53 are subject to restriction and/or on Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examinating The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the	even from consideration.  Telection requirement.  Her.  Identicate to be the complex of the comp		
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		-	
	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119	examiner. Note the attached office	37/6/10/10/11/7 10 102.	
12)  a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer  2. Certified copies of the priority documer  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea  see the attached detailed Office action for a lis	nts have been received.  Its have been received in Applicatority documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage	
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔲 Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5)  Notice of Informal 6)  Other:	Date	

## DETAILED ACTION

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-8 are drawn to a method to enhance the properties of middle distillate fuels, classified in class 208, subclass 289+.
- II. Claims 9-19 are drawn to a method of enhancing durability of middle distillate fuel system elastomers, classified in class 208, subclass 15+
- III. Claims 21-30 are drawn to a method of enhancing the color durability of a middle distillate fuel, classified in class 208, subclass 15+
- IV. Claims 32-41 are drawn to a method of enhancing the fuel stability of a middle distillate fuel, classified in class 208, subclass 15+
- V. Claims 43-52 are drawn to a method of reducing fuel sediment of a middle distillate fuel., classified in class 208, subclass 15+
- VI. Claims 20, 31, 42, and 53 are drawn to a composition of middle distillate fuels, classified in class 208, subclass 15+.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the

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process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product such as a hydrocarbon composition having different properties than the claimed compositions.

Inventions II and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product such as a hydrocarbon composition having different properties than the claimed compositions.

Inventions III and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product such as a hydrocarbon composition having different properties than the claimed compositions.

Inventions IV and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product such as a hydrocarbon composition having different properties than the claimed compositions.

Inventions V and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be

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used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product such as a hydrocarbon composition having different properties than the claimed compositions.

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different effects and designs because one invention results in removing peroxide and the other invention results in enhancing the durability of middle distillate fuel.

Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different effects and designs because one invention results in removing peroxide and the other invention results in enhancing the color of middle distillate fuel.

Inventions I and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different effects and designs because one invention results in removing peroxide and the other invention results in enhancing the stability of middle distillate fuel.

Inventions I and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different

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effects and designs because one invention results in removing peroxide and the other invention results in reducing fuel sediment of middle distillate fuel.

Inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different effects and designs because one invention results in enhancing the color durability of middle distillate and the other invention results in enhancing the stability of middle distillate fuel.

Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different effects and designs because one invention results in enhancing the color durability of middle distillate fuel and the other invention results in reducing fuel sediment of middle distillate fuel.

Inventions IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have different effects and designs because one invention results in enhancing the stability of middle distillate fuel and the other invention results in reducing fuel sediment of middle distillate fuel.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the

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inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the

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application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tam M. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1452. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

> Tam M. Nguyen Examiner Art Unit 1764

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